GOVERNMENT OF
WESTERN AUSTRALIA

CLEARING PERMIT

Granted under section 51E of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

PERMIT DETAILS

Area Permit Number: CPS 11706/1

File Number: DWERVT23362

Duration of Permit: From 24 September 2026 to 24 September 2032

PERMIT HOLDER

Shire of Dardanup

LAND ON WHICH CLEARING IS TO BE DONE

Lot 4 on Diagram 84486, Burekup

AUTHORISED ACTIVITY

The permit holder must not clear more than 1 native tree within the area cross-hatched yellow in Figure 1 of Schedule 1.

CONDITIONS

1. Period during which clearing is authorised

The permit holder must not clear any *native vegetation* after 24 September 2027.

2. Revegetation - Planting

The permit holder must within 12 months of undertaking clearing authorised under this permit:

(a) undertake *planting* of at least two native marri *(Corymbia calophylla)* trees within the area cross-hatched red in Figure 1 of Schedule 1, by;

(i) ensuring only *local provenance* propagating material is used for *planting* activities;

(ii) ensure planting is undertaken at an *optimal time*;

(iii) undertake *weed* control of the planted trees for at least three years post *planting*; and

(iv) watering of *plantings* is undertaken for at least three years post *planting*, as required

(b) the permit holder must within 24 months of *planting* the native trees in accordance with condition 2(a) of this permit:

(i) inspect the trees to ensure that the native trees *planted* under *condition* 2(a) will survive;

(ii) if the determination under *condition* 2(b)(i) identifies that any of the native trees will not survive, the permit holder must *plant* additional trees that will result in a minimum of two native marri *(Corymbia calophylla)* trees persisting within the area cross-hatched red in Figure 1 of Schedule 1; and;

(iii) Where additional *planting* of trees is undertaken in accordance with *condition* 2(b)(ii), the permit holder must repeat the activities required by *condition* 2(a) and *condition* 2(b) of this permit.

3. Records that must be kept

The permit holder must maintain records relating to the listed relevant matters in accordance with the specifications detailed in Table 1.

Table 1: Records that must be kept

No.	Relevant matter	Specifications
1.	In relation to the authorised clearing activities generally	(a) the location where the clearing occurred, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 2020 (GDA2020), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings; and (b) the date that the area was cleared.
2.	In relation to *rehabilitation* action pursuant to *condition* 2 of this Permit	(c) the date(s) that *revegetation* and *rehabilitation* occurred (d) the number of marri *(Corymbia calophylla) planted*; (e) description of the *revegetation* and *rehabilitation* activities undertaken, including actions taken to implement watering and *weed* control; (f) photographic evidence of the determination of *plantings* survival pursuant to *condition* 2(b)(i); and (g) a description of any remedial actions undertaken pursuant to *condition* 2(b)(ii-iii).

4. Reporting

The permit holder must provide the *CEO* with the records required under *condition* 3 of this permit when requested by the *CEO*.

DEFINITIONS

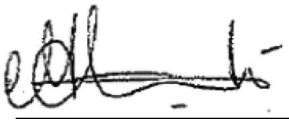
In this permit, the terms in Table 2 have the meanings defined.

Table 2: Definitions

Term	Definition
CEO	Chief Executive Officer of the department responsible for the administration of the clearing provisions under the *Environmental Protection Act 1986*.
clearing	has the meaning given under section 3(1) of the EP Act.
condition	a condition to which this clearing permit is subject under section 51H of the EP Act.
dieback	means the effect of *Phytophthora* species on native vegetation.
department	means the department established under section 35 of the *Public Sector Management Act 1994* (WA) and designated as responsible for the administration of the EP Act, which includes Part V Division 3.
EP Act	*Environmental Protection Act 1986* (WA)
fill	means material used to increase the ground level, or to fill a depression
local provenance	means native vegetation seeds and propagating material from natural resources within 50 kilometres and the same IBRA subregion of the area cleared.
mulch	means the use of organic matter, wood chips or rocks to slow the movement of water across the soil surface and to reduce evaporation.
native vegetation	has the meaning given under section 3(1) and section 51A of the EP Act.
optimal time	means the period from May to July for undertaking planting.
planted/planting	means the re-establishment of vegetation by creating soil conditions and planting seedlings of the desired species.
rehabilitate / rehabilitated / rehabilitation	means actively managing an area containing native vegetation in order to improve the ecological function of that area.
revegetate/revegetation	means the re-establishment of a cover of local provenance native vegetation in an area using methods such as natural regeneration, direct seeding and/or planting, so that the species composition, structure and density is similar to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area.
weeds	means any plant – (a) that is a declared pest under section 22 of the

Term	Definition
	Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act 2007; or (b) published in a Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions species-led ecological impact and invasiveness ranking summary, regardless of ranking; or (c) not indigenous to the area concerned.

END OF CONDITIONS



Meenu Vitarana
MANAGER
NATIVE VEGETATION REGULATION

Officer delegated under Section 20
of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

1 September 2026

SCHEDULE 1

The boundary of the area authorised to be cleared and subject to conditions is shown in the map below (Figure 1).



Figure 1: Map of the boundary of the area within which clearing may occur (cross-hatched yellow) and the areas subject to revegetation conditions (cross-hatched red).